



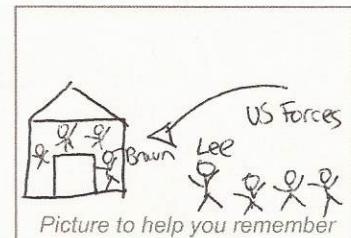
Event: John Brown's raid on Harper's Ferry

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Name: _____

Background/Prelude:

This was an event that helped lead to the Civil War. The main leader, John Brown, was an extreme abolitionist. Before the raid on the US arsenal, he gathered his group of mostly white men and a few free blacks, slaves and fugitive slaves.



Date: Oct. 16-18, 1859

Location: Harper's Ferry, WV

Result: Brown failed

Event Details:

- Oct 16th - Brown's men took their positions without being caught. They were trying to take weapons from inside. They did run into a few locals. They captured the locals
- Oct 17th - Brown is discovered and locals surround the armory. They move into an engine house. Brown sends his sons outside, which they are later killed. President Buchanan sends Robert E. Lee to stop Brown's attack
- Oct 18th - Lee sent a negotiator to come to a truce. Brown declined the offer. Lee and his men stormed the house. Brown and his men were captured and then taken prisoner

Aftermath:

Brown was put on trial and was found guilty of treason. His intentions were to end slavery by using force and they failed.

Many Northerners and Southerners had mixed attitudes toward this attack. However, it forced the public to continue discussing the slavery issue

Participants:

John Brown

Robert E. Lee

Brown's men: (free blacks, ~~slaves~~, white men including Brown's 2 sons)

West Virginia locals

US Army

See Also:



Event: Atomic bombings of Hiroshima + Nagasaki

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Name: _____



Picture to help you remember

Date: August 6 and 9, 1945

Location: Hiroshima + Nagasaki Japan

Result: Allied victory +

Background/Prelude:

Prior to the dropping, the Manhattan Project developed and created the first atomic bomb. Many American citizens and politicians wanted to see an end to war especially with the number of casualties. The war in Europe was already over. A specific U.S. combat group practiced and trained for this mission

Event Details:

Hiroshima (Aug 6th)

- was in a industrial and military area
- Enola Gay - plane that dropped bomb
- before the drop, the Japanese detected bombers but then cleared the message
- the land immediately under the bomb was completely destroyed
- President Truman challenged Japan to accept the US terms

Nagasaki

- large seaport + military area
- this bomb was more powerful than Hiroshima
- had total destruction and fires

Aftermath:

- Marked the end of World War II
- 129,000 people were killed
- the bombing led to many health problems: birth defects, radiation exposure, cancer, etc
- public debate continue to discuss how the atomic bombs changed the type of warfare

Participants:

- Japanese citizens in Hiroshima + Nagasaki
- President Truman
- US armed forces - soldiers on Enola Gay like Colonel Tibbets

See Also: